VIRGINIA HIGHLANDS AIRPORT AUTHORITY A COMPONENT UNIT OF WASHINGTON COUNTY, VIRGINIA AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2015

VIRGINIA HIGHLANDS AIRPORT AUTHORITY

A COMPONENT UNIT OF WASHINGTON COUNTY, VIRGINIA

AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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LIST OF AUTHORITY MEMBERS

Stephen Lowe, Chairman

Frank Buchanan, Vice-Chairman

Gary Cutlip, Treasurer

David Anderson, Secretary and Assistant Treasurer

Edward Maine, Assistant Secretary

Joseph Straten, Member

John White, Member

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read this information in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

The Virginia Highlands Airport Authority presents three basic financial statements. These are: (1) a Statement of Net Position (2) a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position and (3) a Statement of Cash Flows.

Our financial position is measured in terms of resources we own and obligations we owe on a given date. This information is reported on the Statement of Net Position, which reflects the Authority's assets in relation to its debts to its suppliers, employees and other creditors. The excess of our assets over liabilities is our net position.

Information regarding the results of our operation during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position. This statement shows how much our overall net assets increased or decreased during the year as a result of our operations.

Our Statement of Cash Flows discloses the flow of cash resources into and out of the Authority during the year (from operations, contributions and other sources) and how we applied those funds (for example, payment of expenses, purchases of new property, etc.).

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A summary of the Authority's Statement of Net Position for 2015 and 2014 is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2015	2014
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,269,736	\$ 1,420,367
Property and Equipment	22,213,722	18,743,710
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 23,483,458	\$ 20,164,077
Current Liabilities	\$ 2,608,496	\$ 678,594
Long Term Liabilities	489,671	442,510
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,098,167	1,121,104
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets	19,856,714	18,292,510
Unrestricted	528,577	750,463
TOTAL NET POSITION	20,385,291	19,042,973
TOTAL NET POSITION AND LIABILITIES	\$ 23,483,458	\$ 20,164,077

The financial position of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority is good.

A summary of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position for 2015 and 2014 are presented below.

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position

	2015	2014
Operating Income	\$ 1,584,535	\$ 1,685,215
Operating COGS & Expenses	1,890,670	1,974,622
Operating Income (loss)	(306,135)	(289,407)
Net Non-Operating Income	1,709,453	 2,157,355
Changes in Net Position	\$ 1,403,318	\$ 1,867,948

Operating income is defined as the amount of revenue received from providing customer services. Of this amount, 79% of the operating income was from fuel and inventory sales.

Operating expenses are comprised of the direct expenses of operating the Airport. These expenses include fuel purchases, salaries and benefits, repairs and maintenance, occupancy, supplies, travel and depreciation. (See the full Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position for a complete breakdown of these expenses for 2015).

Non-operating income is comprised of interest, County appropriations, interest expense and federal and state capital grants. During the current year the Airport had several projects in progress where there were federal and state grant reimbursements.

Net Position increased \$1,403,259 in 2015.

A summary of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's Statements of Cash Flows for 2015 and 2014 are presented below:

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

	2015	2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ 5,142	\$ 113,816
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Activities	12,881	19,938
Cash Flows From Capital and Financing Activities	(83,950)	60,359
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	5,833	3,187
Net Change in Cash	(60,094)	197,300
Cash Beginning of Year	 855,504	658,204
Cash Ending of Year	\$ 795,410	\$ 855,504

Cash flows from operating activities reconcile the operating loss recorded on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to cash provided by operating activities. In this process, the operating loss is decreased by the amount of any non-cash transactions and adjusted for changes in assets and liabilities. (See the full Statement of Cash Flows for a full listing of these transactions).

Cash flows from non-capital transactions are comprised of income received as operating grants. Cash flows from capital and financing activities are comprised of all the capital assets purchased by the Authority and the payment of the Authority's debt and interest. Cash flows from investing activities are comprised of interest income. During 2015 there was a decrease of \$53,591 in cash.

Capital Assets

At the end of 2015, the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority had \$22,213,722 in net property and equipment. Fixed assets are the largest asset of the Authority. This is comprised of \$31,695,789 in fixed assets less \$9,482,067 in accumulated depreciation. (See Note 3).

Debt

Virginia Highlands Airport Authority had \$2,357,008 in debt outstanding at year-end. A line of credit was established to pay for project expenses until a grant could be received. (See Note 8).

Contacting the Airport's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the taxpayers, customers, and our funding agencies with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions or need additional financial information, contact the Airport Manager.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Virginia Highlands Airport Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2015 and the related statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Controller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Certified Public Accountants

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 12 to the financial statements, in 2015, the Authority adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions — an amendment of GASB Statement No.27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date — an amendment of GASB 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employers Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's basic financial statements. The supporting statement is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Certified Public Accountants

The supporting schedule and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedule and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report, dated October 23, 2015, on our consideration of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HICOK, FERN & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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October 23, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board Virginia Highlands Airport Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of The Virginia Highlands Airport Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 23, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did

Certified Public Accountants

not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HICOK, FERN & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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October 23, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board Virginia Highlands Airport Authority

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Virginia Highlands Airport Authority, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HICOK, FERN & COMPANY

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October 23, 2015

Virginia Highlands Airport Authority A Component Unit of Washington County, Virginia Statement of Net Position At June 30, 2015

Assets	-	Amount
Current Assets		
Cash on hand and in bank (Note 2)	\$ 795,410	
Accounts receivable	58,996	
Grant receivable	342,535	
Prepaid insurance	23,139	
Inventory (Note 1)	41,153	
Total Current Assets		\$ 1,261,233
Property, Plant and Equipment (Notes 1 & 3)		
Land	10,864,615	
Buildings	5,021,300	
Improvements other than buildings	12,608,584	
Construction in progress	2,464,715	
Equipment	680,384	
Furniture & fixtures	56,191	
	31,695,789	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	9,482,067	
Total Property, Plant, & Equipment	-	22,213,722
Total Assets	-	\$ 23,474,955
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Defered pensions	-	\$ 8,503
Liabilities and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 634,413	
Accrued wages and taxes	14,309	
Accrued interest	17,962	
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 8)	1,941,812	
Total Current Liabilities		\$ 2,608,496
Long - Term Liabilities		
Loans payable less short-term portion (Note 8)	415,196	
Accrued vacation	11,534	
Pension liability	33,941	
Total Long - Term Liabilities	-	460,671
Total Liabilities	-	\$ 3,069,167
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred pensions	-	\$ 29,000
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	19,856,714	
Unrestricted	528,577	
Total Net Position	_	\$ 20,385,291

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

Virginia Highlands Airport Authority A Component Unit of Washington County, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			 Amount
Operating Revenues:	ø	1 045 076	
Fuel sales Rental income	\$	1,245,276 291,250	
Miscellaneous income		48,009	
wascenatious income		40,009	
Total Operating Revenues			\$ 1,584,535
Cost of Goods Sold:			
Beginning inventory at July 1, 2014		51,522	
Add: Purchases		844,785	
Goods available for resale		896,307	
Less: Ending inventory at June 30, 2015		40,817	
Total Cost of Goods Sold			 855,490
Gross Profit			729,045
Total Operating Expenses (Schedule 1)			1,035,180
Net Income (Loss) Before Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) and Capital Contributions			(306,135)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest income		5,833	
Washington County funds		12,881	
Interest expense		(21,477)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			 (2,763)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions			(308,898)
Capital Contributions			1,712,216
Change in net position			1,403,318
Prior period adjustment			(61,000)
Net position at beginning of year			 19,042,973
Net position at end of year			\$ 20,385,291

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 3

Virginia Highlands Airport Authority A Component Unit of Washington County, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Amount
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	•	1 551 055	
Cash received from customers and others	\$	1,574,055	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,202,722)	
Cash payments to employees for services and benefits		(366,191)	
Net Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities			\$ 5,142
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities			
Cash received from operating grants and contributions			12,881
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Interest paid		(10,839)	
Repayment of principle on debt		(17,569)	
Proceeds from debt		1,923,377	
Capital projects & assets purchased		(3,808,302)	
Capital contributions received	-	1,829,383	
Net Cash Flows Provided By Capital And Related Financing Activities			(83,950)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest Received			5,833
interest Received		•	2,033
Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents			(60,094)
Cash and Cash Equivalents At Beginning of Year			855,504
Cash and Cash Equivalents At End of Year			\$ 795,410
Reconcilitation Of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided By Operating Activities			
Net loss from operations	\$	(306,135)	
Depreciation and amortization		354,900	
Net pension obligation		(6,562)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Receivables		(10,408)	
Inventory and prepaids		(7,719)	
Payables and other liabilities	•	(18,934)	
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities			\$ 5,142

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Statement Presentation

The Financial Statements of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The proprietary fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. The proprietary fund of the Authority is an Enterprise Fund which includes all of the Authority's operations.

Enterprise Fund

The Enterprise Fund accounts for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recovered in the form of charges to users of such services.

Reporting Entity

The Authority has been included in the general purpose financial statements of Washington County, Virginia as a component unit, in accordance with Statement 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Basis of Accounting

The Enterprise Fund uses the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred.

Inventory

The Inventory is valued at lower of cost or market using the first in, last out method.

Cash and Cash Equivalent

Virginia Highlands Airport Authority considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, includes the use of estimates that affect the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment purchased are stated at cost or estimated cost. Donated property is recorded at market value prevailing at date of donation. Depreciation for fixed assets has been provided over the following estimated useful lives using the straight-line method:

Buildings	30-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	15-25 years
Equipment	5-20 years

Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

All cash of the Authority is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.1-359 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by federal depository insurance. The Authority has no investments as of or for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 3 - CHANGES IN FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the changes in fixed assets follows:

Balance				Balance
7/1/2014	Additions	D	eletions	6/30/2015
\$ 8,531,041	\$ 2,333,574	\$	-	\$ 10,864,615
5,021,300	-		-	5,021,300
12,178,861	429,723		-	12,608,584
633,033	47,351		-	680,384
56,191	-		-	56,191
 1,450,451	1,949,032		934,768	2,464,715
 27,870,877	4,759,680		934,768	31,695,789
 (9,127,167)				(9,482,067)
 18,743,710				22,213,722
\$	7/1/2014 \$ 8,531,041 5,021,300 12,178,861 633,033 56,191 1,450,451 27,870,877 (9,127,167)	7/1/2014 Additions \$ 8,531,041 \$ 2,333,574 5,021,300 - 12,178,861 429,723 633,033 47,351 56,191 - 1,450,451 1,949,032 27,870,877 4,759,680 (9,127,167)	7/1/2014 Additions D \$ 8,531,041 \$ 2,333,574 \$ 5,021,300 - - 12,178,861 429,723 - 633,033 47,351 - 56,191 - - 1,450,451 1,949,032 - 27,870,877 4,759,680 - (9,127,167) - -	7/1/2014 Additions Deletions \$ 8,531,041 \$ 2,333,574 \$ - 5,021,300 - - 12,178,861 429,723 - 633,033 47,351 - 56,191 - - 1,450,451 1,949,032 934,768 27,870,877 4,759,680 934,768 (9,127,167)

Depreciation expense for the year ending June 30, 2015 was \$354,900

NOTE 4 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

In accordance with GASB Statement 16 "Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles for Claims and Judgments and Compensated Absences", the Authority has accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims and judgments and compensated absences.

The Authority employees earn 12 days of vacation after they have been employed with the Authority for one year. Vacation time accrues monthly up to a maximum of 80 hours without prior approval from management. At June 30, 2015 the Authority had outstanding accrued leave of \$11,534.

NOTE 5 - LEASES

Lease Revenue

The Authority has various operating lease agreements for buildings currently rented in their operation. The rental agreements have various rates and terms.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required to be received under operating lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 5 – LEASES (CONTINUED)

Year Ended June 30	Amount
2016	\$ 130,746
2017	89,404
2018	11,818
2109	11,818
2020	11,818
2021-2025	61,096
2026-2030	63,691
2031-2035	66,073
2036-2039	39,712
2040-2044	4,232
Totals	\$ 490,408

NOTE 6 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the normal course of operations, the Authority receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material. The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the Authority carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority and the additions to/deductions from the Authority's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Authority are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is or or after July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is or or after July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is or or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2013. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is or or after July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is or or after July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The hybrid Retirement Plan The Telival Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement P
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 is their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2013. Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit plan and a defined contribution or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit plan and a defined contribution or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit plan and a defined contribution component of the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members") • The defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from
the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account,

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Eligible Members

Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid

Eligible Members

Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.

About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (continued) investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Eligible Members

Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees*
- Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
- *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
 - Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS

Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP. Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Continued) Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP. Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or

service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Vesting	additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contribution Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan. Vesting
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

		Defined Contributions
		Component:
		Defined contribution vesting
		refers to the minimum length
		of service a member needs to
,		be eligible to withdraw the
		employer contributions from
		the defined contribution
		component of the plan.
***************************************		_
		Members are always 100%
		vested in the contributions that
		they make.
		Upon retirement or leaving
		covered employment, a
		member is eligible to
		withdraw a percentage of
		employer contributions to the
		defined contribution
		component of the plan, based
		on service.
		After two years, a member
		is 50% vested and may
		withdraw 50% of employer
		contributions.
		After three years, a
		member is 75% vested and
		may withdraw 75% of
		employer contributions.
		• After four or more years, a
		member is 100% vested and
		may withdraw 100% of
		employer contributions.
		employer continuum.
		Distribution is not required by
		law until age 70½.
Calculation the Descript	Coloulating the Denefit	Calculating the Benefit
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
	See definition under Flan 1.	See definition under Plan 1
based on a formula using the		See definition ander Fran 1
member's average final		

compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non- hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. For Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents same as Plan 1. For Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is 1.0%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. For Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents not applicable. For Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees not applicable.

Normal Retirement Age: VRS: Age 65. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Age 60	Normal Retirement Age: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1	Normal Retirement Age: Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not Applicable
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

less than 20 years of creditable
service, the COLA will go into
effect on July 1 after one
calendar year following the
unreduced retirement
eligibility date.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- · The member retires on disability.
- The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
- The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December

Exceptions to COLA **Effective Dates:**

Same as Plan 1 Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Effective Dates:

Exceptions to COLA

Exceptions to COLA		
Effective Dates:		
(continued)		
31) from the date the monthly		1 to a second se
benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage
Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Eligible political subdivision and (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members.
VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for	VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP
non-work related disability	non-work related disability	are subject to a one-year
benefits.	benefits.	waiting period before
		becoming eligible for non-
		work related disability
		benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service
Members may be eligible to	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
purchase service from previous		Same as Plan 1, with the
public employment, active		following exceptions:
duty military service, an		Hybrid Retirement Plan mark are inclinible for
eligible period of leave or VRS		members are ineligible for ported service.
refunded service as creditable		• The cost for purchasing
service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts		refunded service is the
toward vesting, eligibility for		higher of 4% of creditable
retirement and the health		compensation or average
insurance credit. Only active		final compensation.
members are eligible to		• Plan members have one year
purchase prior service. When		from their hire or return
buying service, members must		from leave to purchase all
purchase their most recent		but the refunded prior
period of service first.		service at approximate
Members also may be eligible		normal cost. After that one

Purchase of Prior Service (continued) to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service (continued) year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to acturial cost.
	Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	1
Non-vested Inactive members	3
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	0
Total inactive members	4
Active members	7
Total covered employees	14

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

If the employer used the certified rate: The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 3.78 % of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$8,503 and \$13,900 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivisions net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.5 percent - 5.35 percent

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- -Update mortality table
- -Decrease in rates of service retirement
- -Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- -Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) — Non-LEOS:

- -Update mortality table
- -Decrease in rates of service retirement
- -Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- -Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension system investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension system investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12,75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
	100.00%		5.83%
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expected arithm	netic nominal return		8.33%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that system member contributions will be made per the VRS statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
		Total Pension Liability (a)	F	Plan iduciary t Position (b)	Net Liability	Pension (a)		
Balance at June 30, 2013	_\$	480,855	\$	405,977	\$	74,878		
Changes for the year:								
Service Cost		15,722		_		15,722		
Interest		32,821		-		32,821		
Differences between expected and actual experience								
Contributions - employer		-		13,899		(13,899)		
Contributions - employee		_		11,583		(11,583)		
Net investment income		_		64,337		(64,337)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(23,975)		(23,975)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(343)		343		
Other changes		-		4		(4)		
Net changes		24,568		65,505		(40,937)		
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	505,423	\$	471,482	_\$	33,941		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)		 (8.00%)		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 98,782	\$	33,941	\$ (18,872)		

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$1,664. At June 30, 2015, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	_	
Change in assumptions	\$ -	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$	29,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 8,503	\$	-	
Total	\$ 8,503	\$	29,000	

\$8,503 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the political subdivision's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30

2016	\$ (7,176)
2017	(7,176)
2018	(7,176)
2019	(7,472)
Thereafter	0
	\$ (29,000)

NOTE 8 – NOTES PAYABLE

	Interest	Payment]	Balance	New	P	rinciple	Balance	Within	Maturity
	Rate	Amount	7	7/1/2014	 Issues	Re	payment	6/30/2014	One Year	Date
VRA	4.87%	\$19,666 Semi-Annual	\$	451,200	\$ -	\$	17,569	\$ 433,631	\$ 18,435	3/1/2031
FB&T	2.75%	Interest Only			 1,923,377			 1,923,377	 1,923,377	7/22/2019
Total			\$	451,200	\$ 1,923,377	\$	17,569	\$ 2,357,008	\$ 1,941,812	

Scheduled principal and interest payments are as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30	Principle	Interest
2016	\$ 1,941,812	\$ 73,789
2017	19,344	19,987
2018	20,298	19,034
2019	21,298	18,034
2020	22,347	16,983
2021-2025	129,390	67,267
2026-2030	164,581	32,074
2031	37,938	1,391
Total	\$ 2,357,008	\$ 248,559

NOTE 9 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Authority's deferred outflow is pension expense of \$8,503.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority's deferred inflow is changes in the net pension liability of \$29,000.

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTIES

In the normal course of operations the Authority leases hanger and office rental space. Hanger space is rented to various board members and the lease terms are comparable to other leases entered into by the Authority.

NOTE 11 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27": The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No.69 "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations": The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013.

Statement No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment to GASB No. 68: The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

NOTE 12-PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The Authority implemented the financial reporting provisions of the Statements described in Note 11 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditures relating to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in the following restatement of net position:

Net Position as reported at June 30, 2014	\$19,042,973
Implementation of GASB 68	(61,000)
Net Position as restated at June 30, 2014	\$18,981,973

NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 23, 2015, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

VIRGINIA HIGHLANDS AIRPORT AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

Schedule of Changes in the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	15,722
Interest	·	32,821
Changes of benefit terms		h++
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(23,975)
Net change in total pension liability		24,568
Total pension liability - beginning		480,855
Total pension liability - ending	\$	505,423
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	13,899
Contributions - employee		11,583
Net investment income		64,337
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(23,975)
Administrative expense		(343)
Other		4
Net change in total pension liability		65,505
Total pension liability - beginning		405,977
Total pension liability - ending	\$	471,482
Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending	\$	33,941
Plan fiduciary net postion as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		93.28%
	_	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	224,954
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of		15.0007
covered-employee payroll		15.09%

				Relation to			E	mployer's	as a % o	of
	Coı	ntractually		Contractually	Contrib	oution	(Covered	Covered	1
	F	Required		Required	Defici	ency	E	mployee	Employe	e:
Date	Co	ntribution		Contribution	(Excess)		xcess) Payroll		Payroll	
2015	•	8,504	¢	8,504	\$	-	¢	224,954	3	.78%

Notes to Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Change of benefit terms - There have been no significiant changes to the Systems benefits provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to the most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increases by .25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increases by .25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS

- Update mortality table
- Adjustment to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

VIRGINIA HIGHLANDS AIRPORT AUTHORITY SUPPORTING INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

Virginia Highlands Airport Authority A Component Unit of Washington County, Virginia Schedule of Operating Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Schedule 1

	<u>Amount</u>
Operating Expenses:	
Advertising	\$ 3,377
Professional fees	55,263
Salaries	303,307
Travel and meetings	11,657
Dues and fees	2,456
Retirement and benefits	34,521
Utilities	52,281
Supplies	17,103
Insurance	30,560
Payroll taxes	23,643
Other taxes	257
Merchant processing fees	18,123
Depreciation	354,900
Repairs and maintenance	85,962
Uniforms	1,110
Air show expenses	39,488
Miscellaneous	 1,172
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1,035,180

Schedule 2

Virginia Highlands Airport Authority A Component Unit of Washington County, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Granting Agency/ Recipient State Agency/	Federal Catalogue			
Grant Program/Grant Number	Number	Expenditure		
Department of Transportation				
Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program	20.106*	\$	622,302	

^{*} Denotes Major Program

I. <u>SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS</u>

- A. The Auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- B. There were no instances on noncompliance material to the financial statements of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority.
- C. There were no instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Virginia Highlands Airport Authority which would be required to be reported in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards.
- D. There were no instances of noncompliance material to the Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting for Virginia Highlands Airport Authority under OMB Circular A-133.
- E. Major programs as identified on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards were tested as major programs.
- F. The dollar threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- G. Virginia Highlands Airport Authority was determined not to be a low risk auditee.

II. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONS COST

	CATALOGUE		QUESTIONED
PROGRAM	NUMBER	FINDINGS	COST
Airport Improvement	20.106	None	None
Program			